SiT3809

80 MHz to 220 MHz MEMS VCXO



Features

- Any frequency between 80.000001 MHz and 220 MHz with 6 decimal places of accuracy
- 100% pin-to-pin drop-in replacement to quartz-based VCXO
- Frequency stability as tight as ±10 ppm
- Widest pull range options from ±25 ppm to ±1600 ppm
- Industrial or extended commercial temperature range
- Superior pull range linearity of ≤1%, 10 times better than quartz
- LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible output
- Four industry-standard packages: 2.5 mm x 2.0 mm (4-pin),
 3.2 mm x 2.5mm (4-pin),
 5.0 mm x 3.2 mm (6-pin),
 7.0 mm x 5.0 mm (6-pin)
- Instant samples with Time Machine II and field programmable oscillators
- RoHS and REACH compliant, Pb-free, Halogen-free and Antimony-free

Applications

- Telecom clock synchronization, instrumentation
- Low bandwidth analog PLL, jitter cleaner, clock recovery, audio
- Video, 3G/HD-SDI, FPGA, broadband and networking







Electrical Specifications

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics^[1, 2, 3]

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
			Fred	uency Ran	ge	
Output Frequency Range	f	80.000001	-	220	MHz	
			Frequency	Stability a	nd Aging	
Frequency Stability	F_stab	-10	-	+10	ppm	Inclusive of Initial tolerance ^[4] at 25°C, and variation over
		-25	-	+25	ppm	temperature, rated supply voltage and load.
		-50	-	+50	ppm	
Aging	F_aging	-5	-	+5	ppm	10 years, 25°C
Operating Temperature Range	T_use	-20	-	+70	°C	Extended Commercial
		-40	-	+85	°C	Industrial
			oly Voltage a			•
Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	Additional supply voltages between 2.5V and 3.3V can be supported. Contact SiTime for additional information.
		2.25	2.5	2.75	V	supported. Contact Strime for additional information.
		2.52	2.8	3.08	V	
		2.97	3.3	3.63	V	
Current Consumption	ldd	_	34	36	mA	No load condition, f = 100 MHz, Vdd = 2.5V, 2.8V or 3.3V
		-	30	33	mA	No load condition, f = 100 MHz, Vdd = 1.8V
Standby Current	I_std	-	-	70	μΑ	$Vdd = 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.3V, \overline{ST} = GND$, output is Weakly Pulled Down
		-	-	10	μΑ	Vdd = 1.8V, ST = GND, output is Weakly Pulled Down
			VCXO	Characteri	stics	
Pull Range ^[5, 6]	PR		0, ±100, ±15 00, ±800, ±1		ppm	See the Absolute Pull Range and APR table on page 8
Upper Control Voltage	VC_U	1.7	-	_	V	Vdd = 1.8V, Voltage at which maximum deviation is guaranteed.
		2.4	-	-	V	Vdd = 2.5V, Voltage at which maximum deviation is guaranteed.
		2.7	-	-	V	Vdd = 2.8V, Voltage at which maximum deviation is guaranteed.
		3.2	-	-	V	Vdd = 3.3V, Voltage at which maximum deviation is guaranteed.
Lower Control Voltage	VC_L	-	-	0.1	V	Voltage at which minimum deviation is guaranteed.
Control Voltage Input Impedance	Z_in	100	-	-	kΩ	
Control Voltage Input Capacitance	C_in	-	5	_	pF	
Linearity	Lin	-	0.1	1	%	
Frequency Change Polarity	-	F	Positive slop	e	_	
Control Voltage Bandwidth (-3dB)	V_BW	-	8	-	kHz	Contact SiTime for 16 kHz and other high bandwidth options

SiTime Corporation



Electrical Specifications (continued) Table 1. Electrical Characteristics^[1, 2, 3]

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition			
LVCMOS Output Characteristics									
Duty Cycle	DC	45	-	55	%	f <= 165 MHz, all Vdds. Refer to Note 11 for definition of Duty Cycle.			
		40	-	60	%	f > 165 MHz, all Vdds. Refer to Note 11 for definition of Duty Cycle.			
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	1.5	2	ns	Vdd = 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V or 3.3V, 10% - 90% Vdd level			
Output High Voltage	VOH	90%	-	-	Vdd	IOH = -7 mA (Vdd = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOH = -4 mA (Vdd = 2.8V or 2.5V) IOH = -2 mA (Vdd = 1.8V)			
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-	-	10%	Vdd	IOL = 7 mA (Vdd = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOL = 4 mA (Vdd = 2.8V or 2.5V) IOL = 2 mA (Vdd = 1.8V)			
			Input	Characteris	stics				
Input Pull-up Impedance	Z_in	_	100	250	kΩ	For the OE/ST pin for 6-pin devices			
Input Capacitance	C_in	_	5	_	pF	For the OE/ST pin for 6-pin devices			
			Startup a	nd Resume	Timing				
Startup Time	T_start	_	-	10	ms	See Figure 7 for startup resume timing diagram			
OE Enable/Disable Time	T_oe	-	-	115	ns	f = 80.000001 MHz, all Vdds. For other freq, T_oe = 100 ns + 3 clock periods			
Resume Time	T_resume	_	7	10	ms	See Figure 8 for resume timing diagram			
			•	Jitter	•				
RMS Period Jitter	T_jitt	_	1.5	2	ps	f = 156.25 MHz, Vdd = 2.5V, 2.8V or 3.3V			
		_	2	3	ps	f = 156.25 MHz, Vdd = 1.8V			
RMS Phase Jitter (random)	T_phj	-	0.5	1	ps	f = 156.25 MHz, Integration bandwidth = 12 kHz to 20 MHz			

- 1. All electrical specifications in the above table are specified with 15 pF output load and for all Vdd(s) unless otherwise stated.
- 2. The typical value of any parameter in the Electrical Characteristics table is specified for the nominal value of the highest voltage option for that parameter and at 25°C temperature.
- 3. All max and min specifications are guaranteed across rated voltage variations and operating temperature ranges, unless specified otherwise 4. Initial tolerance is measured at Vin = Vdd/2
- 5. Absolute Pull Range (APR) is defined as the guaranteed pull range over temperature and voltage.
- 6. APR = pull range (PR) frequency stability (F_stab) Aging (F_aging)

80 MHz to 220 MHz MEMS VCXO



The Smart Timing Choice™

Table 2. Pin Description. 4-Pin Configuration (For 2.5 x 2.0 mm and 3.2 x 2.5 mm packages)

Pin	Symbol	Functionality		
1	VIN	Input	0-Vdd: produces voltage dependent frequency change	
2	GND	Power	Electrical ground ^[7]	
3	CLK	Power	Power supply voltage	
4	VDD	Input Power	Oscillator output power	

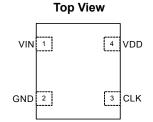


Figure 1.

Note:

7. A capacitor value of 0.1 µF between Vdd and GND is recommended.

Table 3. Pin Description. 6-Pin Configuration

(For 5.0 x 3.2 mm and 7.0 x 5.0 mm packages)

Pin	Symbol		Functionality
1	VIN	Input	VCO control voltage
		No Connect	H or L or Open: No effect on output frequency or other device functions
2 NC/OE/ ST		Output Enable	H or Open ^[8] : specified frequency output L: output is high
		Standby	H or Open ^[8] : specified frequency output L: output is low (weak pull down) ^[9] . Oscillation stops
3	GND	Power	Electrical ground ^[10]
4	CLK	Output	Oscillator output
5	NC	No Connect	H or L or Open: No effect on output frequency or other device functions
6	VDD	Power	Power supply voltage

Top View

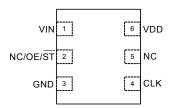


Figure 2.

Notes:

- 8. In OE or ST mode, a pull-up resistor of 10 kΩ or less is recommended if pin 2 in the 6-pin package is not externally driven. If pin 2 needs to be left floating, use the NC option
- 9. Typical value of the weak pull-down impedance is 5 $m\Omega$
- 10. A capacitor value of 0.1 μF between Vdd and GND is recommended.

Table 4. Absolute Maximum Limits

Attempted operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the part. Actual performance of the IC is only guaranteed within the operational specifications, not at absolute maximum ratings.

Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	-65	150	°C
VDD	-0.5	4	V
Electrostatic Discharge	-	2000	V
Soldering Temperature (follow standard Pb free soldering guidelines)	-	260	°C

Table 5. Thermal Consideration

Parameter	θJA, 4 Layer Board (°C/W)	θJA, 2 Layer Board (°C/W)	θJC, Bottom (°C/W)
7050	191	263	30
5032	97	199	24
3225	109	212	27
2520	117	222	26

Table 6. Environmental Compliance

Parameter	Condition/Test Method
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2002
Mechanical Vibration	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2007
Temperature Cycle	JESD22, Method A104
Solderability	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2003
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1 @ 260°C



Phase Noise Plot

SiT3809, 100MHz, Pull range ±100ppm, 3.3V, LVCMOS output

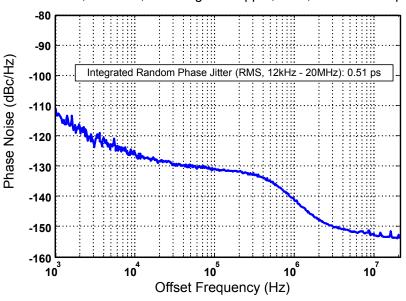


Figure 3. Phase Noise

Test Circuit and Waveform

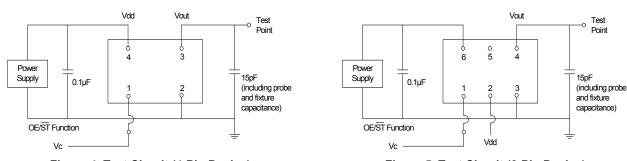


Figure 4. Test Circuit (4-Pin Device)

Figure 5. Test Circuit (6-Pin Device)

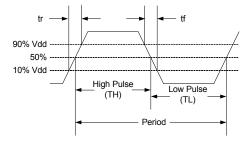


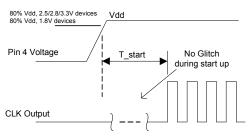
Figure 6. Waveform

Notes:

- 11. Duty Cycle is computed as Duty Cycle = TH/Period.
- 12. SiT3809 supports the configurable duty cycle feature. For custom duty cycle at any given frequency, contact SiTime.

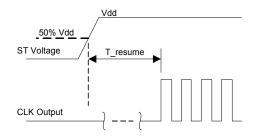


Timing Diagram



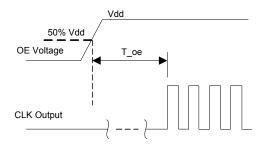
T_start: Time to start from power-off

Figure 7. Startup Timing (OE/ST Mode)



T_resume: Time to resume from ST

Figure 8. Standby Resume Timing (ST Mode Only)



T_oe: Time to re-enable the clock output

Vdd OE Voltage 50% Vdd T_oe **CLK Output**

T_oe: Time to put the output in High Z mode

Figure 9. OE Enable Timing (OE Mode Only)

Figure 10. OE Disable Timing (OE Mode Only)

Notes:

- 13. SiT3809 supports "no runt" pulses and "no glitch" output during startup or resume.
- 14. SiT3809 supports gated output which is accurate within rated frequency stability from the first cycle.



Instant Samples with Time Machine and Field Programmable Oscillators

SiTime supports a field programmable version of the SiT3809 MEMS VCXO for fast prototyping and real time customization of features. The <u>field programmable devices</u> (FP devices) are available for all four standard SiT3809 package sizes and can be configured to one's exact specification using the <u>Time Machine II</u>, an USB powered MEMS oscillator programmer.

Customizable Features of the SiT3809 FP Devices Include

- Any frequency between 80.000001 MHz to 220 MHz
- Three frequency stability options: ±10 ppm, ±25 ppm, ±50 ppm
- Two operating temperatures: -20 to 70°C or -40 to 85°C
- Four supply voltage options: 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, and 3.3V
- Eight pull range options: ±25 ppm, ±50 ppm, ±100 ppm, ±150 ppm, ±200 ppm, ±400 ppm, ±800 ppm, ±1600 ppm

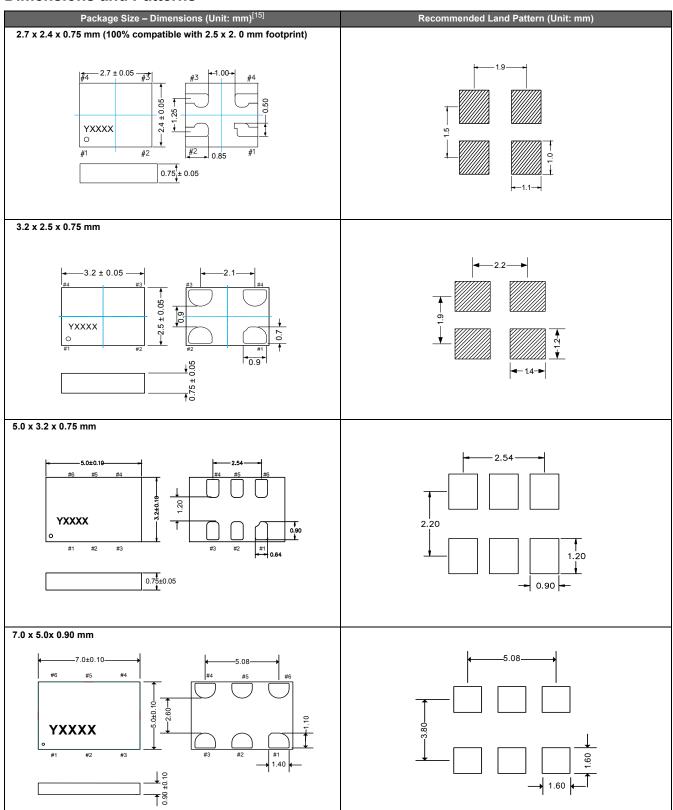
For more information regarding SiTime's field programmable solutions, visit http://www.sitime.com/tp-devices.

and

SiT3809 is typically factory-programmed per customer ordering codes for volume delivery.



Dimensions and Patterns

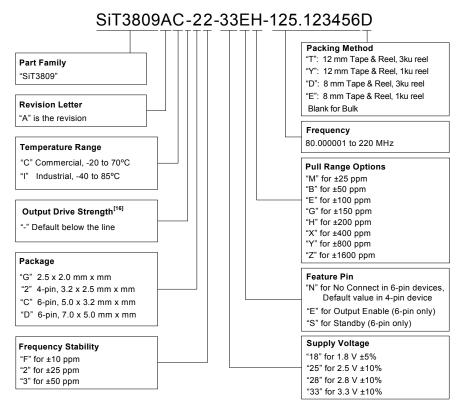


Note:

15. Top marking: Y denotes manufacturing origin and XXXX denotes manufacturing lot number. The value of "Y" will depend on the assembly location of the device.



Ordering Information



Note:

16. Contact SiTime for different drive strength to drive multiple loads or to reduce EMI.

Table 7. APR Definition

Absolute pull range (APR) = Norminal pull range (PR) - frequency stability (F_stab) - Aging (F_aging)

	Frequency Stability					
Nominal Pull Range	± 10	± 25	± 50			
		APR (PPM)				
± 25	± 10	-	-			
± 50	± 35	± 20	-			
± 100	± 85	± 70	± 45			
± 150	± 135	± 120	± 95			
± 200	± 185	± 170	± 145			
± 400	± 385	± 370	± 345			
± 800	± 785	± 770	± 745			
± 1600	± 1585	± 1570	± 1545			

Table 8. Ordering Codes for Supported Tape & Reel Packing Method^[17]

Device Size	12 mm T&R (3ku)	12 mm T&R (1ku)	8 mm T&R (3ku)	8 mm T&R 1ku)
2.5 x 2.0 mm	-	-	D	E
3.2 x 2.5 mm	_	-	D	E
5.0 x 3.2 mm	Т	Y	_	-
7.0 x 5.0 mm	Т	Y	-	-

Note:

17. "-" indicates "not available."



Table 9. Additional Information

Document	Description	Download Link
Manufacturing Notes	Tape & Reel dimension, reflow profile and other manufacturing related info	http://www.sitime.com/component/docman/doc_download/85-manufaturing-notes-for-sitime-oscillators
Qualification Reports	RoHS report, reliability reports, composition reports	http://www.sitime.com/support/quality-and-reliability
Performance Reports	Additional performance data such as phase noise, current consumption and jitter for selected frequencies	http://www.sitime.com/support/performance-measurement-report
Termination Techniques	Termination design recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
Layout Techniques	Layout recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
VCXO Specifications	Definition of key VCXO specifications such as APR and Kv	http://www.sitime.com/support2/documents/AN10020_VCXO_SpecDefinitions_rev1.pdf
VCXO in PLL Design	Selection of VCXO parameters and trade-offs in PLL designs	http://www.sitime.com/support2/documents/AN10021_VCXO_PLL_Design_Guidelines_1v0.pdf

Revision History

Table 10. Datasheet Version and Change Log

Version	Release Date	Change Summary
0.6	1/24/2013	Preliminary
1.0	3/18/14	Preliminary removed from title updated features and application updated electrical specifications table updated figure 4, added new 6-pin device for figure 5 updated timing diagrams updated ordering information drawing updated APR table updated ordering codes for tape and reel table reformatted additional information table columns

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Supplemental Information

The Supplemental Information section is not part of the datasheet and is for informational purposes only.



Silicon MEMS Outperforms Quartz

Silicon MEMS Outperforms Quartz



Best Reliability

Silicon is inherently more reliable than quartz. Unlike quartz suppliers, SiTime has in-house MEMS and analog CMOS expertise, which allows SiTime to develop the most reliable products. Figure 1 shows a comparison with quartz technology.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- SiTime's MEMS resonators are vacuum sealed using an advanced EpiSeal™ process, which eliminates foreign particles and improves long term aging and reliability
- · World-class MEMS and CMOS design expertise

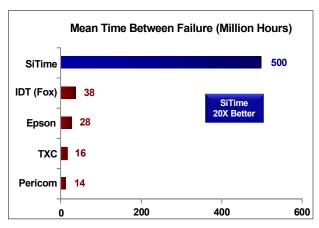


Figure 1. Reliability Comparison^[1]

Best Aging

Unlike quartz, MEMS oscillators have excellent long term aging performance which is why every new SiTime product specifies 10-year aging. A comparison is shown in Figure 2.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- SiTime's MEMS resonators are vacuum sealed using an advanced EpiSeal process, which eliminates foreign particles and improves long term aging and reliability
- Inherently better immunity of electrostatically driven MEMS resonator

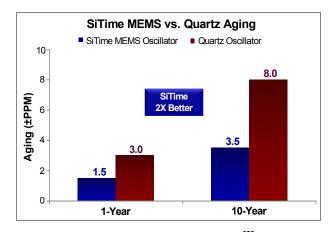


Figure 2. Aging Comparison^[2]

Best Electro Magnetic Susceptibility (EMS)

SiTime's oscillators in plastic packages are up to 54 times more immune to external electromagnetic fields than quartz oscillators as shown in Figure 3.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- Internal differential architecture for best common mode noise rejection
- Electrostatically driven MEMS resonator is more immune to EMS

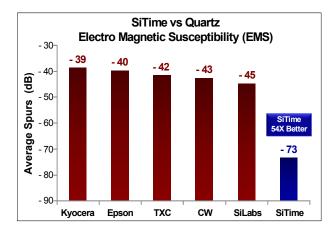


Figure 3. Electro Magnetic Susceptibility (EMS)[3]

Best Power Supply Noise Rejection

SiTime's MEMS oscillators are more resilient against noise on the power supply. A comparison is shown in Figure 4.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- On-chip regulators and internal differential architecture for common mode noise rejection
- · Best analog CMOS design expertise

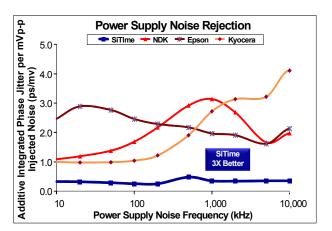


Figure 4. Power Supply Noise Rejection^[4]

Silicon MEMS Outperforms Quartz



Best Vibration Robustness

High-vibration environments are all around us. All electronics, from handheld devices to enterprise servers and storage systems are subject to vibration. Figure 5 shows a comparison of vibration robustness.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- The moving mass of SiTime's MEMS resonators is up to 3000 times smaller than guartz
- Center-anchored MEMS resonator is the most robust design

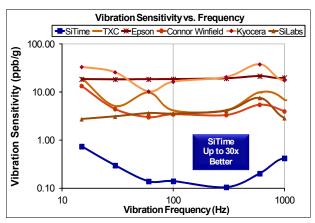


Figure 5. Vibration Robustness^[5]

Notes:

- 1. Data Source: Reliability documents of named companies.
- 2. Data source: SiTime and quartz oscillator devices datasheets.
- 3. Test conditions for Electro Magnetic Susceptibility (EMS):
 - According to IEC EN61000-4.3 (Electromagnetic compatibility standard)
 - Field strength: 3V/m
 - Radiated signal modulation: AM 1 kHz at 80% depth
 - Carrier frequency scan: 80 MHz 1 GHz in 1% steps
 - · Antenna polarization: Vertical
 - DUT position: Center aligned to antenna

Devices used in this test:

SiTime, SiT9120AC-1D2-33E156.250000 - MEMS based - 156.25 MHz

Epson, EG-2102CA 156.2500M-PHPAL3 - SAW based - 156.25 MHz

TXC, BB-156.250MBE-T - 3rd Overtone guartz based - 156.25 MHz

Kyocera, KC7050T156.250P30E00 - SAW based - 156.25 MHz

Connor Winfield (CW), P123-156.25M - 3rd overtone quartz based - 156.25 MHz

SiLabs, Si590AB-BDG - 3rd overtone quartz based - 156.25 MHz

4. 50 mV pk-pk Sinusoidal voltage.

Devices used in this test:

SiTime, SiT8208AI-33-33E-25.000000, MEMS based - 25 MHz

NDK, NZ2523SB-25.6M - quartz based - 25.6 MHz

Kyocera, KC2016B25M0C1GE00 - quartz based - 25 MHz

Epson, SG-310SCF-25M0-MB3 - quartz based - 25 MHz

- 5. Devices used in this test: same as EMS test stated in Note 3.
- 6. Test conditions for shock test:
 - MIL-STD-883F Method 2002
 - Condition A: half sine wave shock pulse, 500-g, 1ms
 - \bullet Continuous frequency measurement in 100 μs gate time for 10 seconds

Devices used in this test: same as EMS test stated in Note 3

7. Additional data, including setup and detailed results, is available upon request to qualified customers. Please contact productsupport@sitime.com.

Best Shock Robustness

SiTime's oscillators can withstand at least $50,000\ g$ shock. They all maintain their electrical performance in operation during shock events. A comparison with quartz devices is shown in Figure 6.

Why is SiTime Best in Class:

- The moving mass of SiTime's MEMS resonators is up to 3000 times smaller than guartz
- Center-anchored MEMS resonator is the most robust design

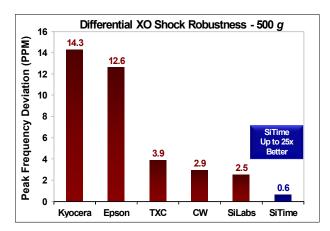


Figure 6. Shock Robustness^[6]

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Does the Electrical Characteristics table provide complete in If No, what parameters are missing?	formation?	Yes	No	
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