

TO-92



SOT-89



Pin Definition:

1. Reference
2. Anode
3. Cathode

SOT-23



Pin Definition:

1. Reference
2. Cathode
3. Anode

SOP-8



Pin Definition:

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. Cathode | 8. Reference |
| 2. Anode | 7. Anode |
| 3. Anode | 6. Anode |
| 4. N/C | 5. N/C |

General Description

The TS431I/431AI/431BI integrated circuits are three-terminal programmable shunt regulator diodes. These monolithic IC voltage references operate as a low temperature coefficient zener which is programmable from Vref to 36 volts with two external resistors. These devices exhibit a wide operating current range of 1.0 to 100mA with a typical dynamic impedance of 0.22Ω . The characteristics of these references make them excellent replacements for zener diodes in many applications such as digital voltmeters, power supplies, and op amp circuitry. The 2.5volt reference makes it convenient to obtain a stable reference from 5.0volt logic supplies, and since The TS431I/431AI/431BI operates as a shunt regulator, it can be used as either a positive or negative stage reference.

Features

- Precision Reference Voltage
TS431I – $2.495V \pm 2\%$
TS431AI – $2.495V \pm 1\%$
TS431BI – $2.495V \pm 0.5\%$
- Equivalent Full Range Temp. Coefficient: $50\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Programmable Output Voltage up to 36V
- Fast Turn-On Response
- Sink Current Capability of $1\sim 100\text{mA}$
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.2Ω
- Low Output Noise

Application

- Voltage Monitor
- Delay Timmer
- Constant –Current Source/Sink
- High-Current Shunt Regulator
- Crow Bar
- Over-Voltage / Under-Voltage Protection

Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS431xIT B0	TO-92	1Kpcs / Bulk
TS431xIT A3	TO-92	2Kpcs / Ammo
TS431xIX RF	SOT-23	3Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS431xIY RM	SOT-89	1Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS431xis RL	SOP-8	2.5Kpcs / 2.5" Reel

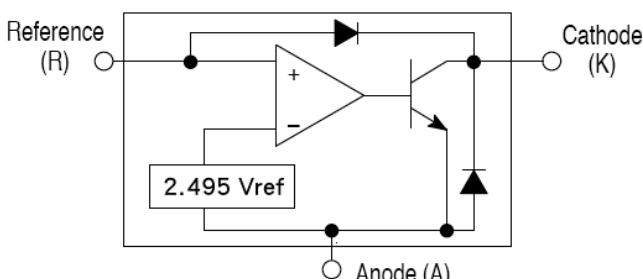
Note: Where **xx** denotes voltage tolerance

Blank: $\pm 2\%$

A: $\pm 1\%$

B: $\pm 0.5\%$

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Rating ($T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	Vka	37	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	I _k	-100 ~ +150	mA
Reference Input Current Range	I _{ref}	-0.05 ~ +10	mA
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.625	
TO-92		0.30	
SOT-23		0.50	
SOT-89 / SOP-8			W
Junction Temperature	T _j	+150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _{oper}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note 1: Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted.

Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	Vka	Ref ~ 36	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	Ik	1 ~ 100	mA

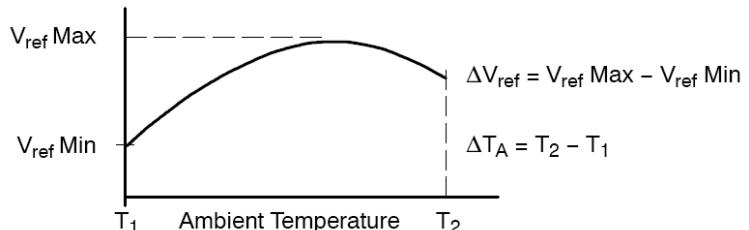
Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Reference voltage	Vref	Vka =Vref, Ik=10mA (Figure 1) Ta=25 °C	2.450	2.495	2.550	V
			2.475		2.525	
			2.487		2.513	
Deviation of reference input voltage	ΔVref	Vka =Vref, Ik=10mA (Figure 1) Ta= full range	--	3	17	mV
Radio of change in Vref to change in cathode Voltage	ΔVref/ΔVka	Ika=10mA, Vka = 10V to Vref Vka = 36V to 10V (Figure 2)	--	-1.4	-2.7	mV/V
Reference Input current	Iref	R1=10KΩ, R2= ∞ , Ika=10mA Ta= full range (Figure 2)	--	0.7	4.0	
Deviation of reference input current, over temp.	ΔIref	R1=10KΩ, R2= ∞ , Ika=10mA Ta= full range (Figure 2)	--	0.4	1.2	uA
Off-state Cathode Current	Ika(off)	Vref=0V (Figure 3), Vka=36V	--	--	1.0	uA
Dynamic Output Impedance	Zka	f<1KHz, Vka=Vref Ika=1mA to 100mA (Figure 1)	--	0.22	0.5	Ω
Minimum operating cathode current	Ika(min)	Vka=Vref (Figure 1)	--	0.4	0.6	mA

* The deviation parameters ΔV_{ref} and ΔI_{ref} are defined as difference between the maximum value and minimum value obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applied.

* The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, αV_{ref} is defined as:

$$\alpha V_{ref} \left(\frac{\text{ppm}}{\text{°C}} \right) = \frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref} (T_A = 25^\circ\text{C})} \times 10^6 \right)}{\Delta T_A}$$



Where: $T_2 - T_1$ = full temperature change.

αV_{ref} can be positive or negative depending on whether the slope is positive or negative.

Example: Maximum Vref=2.496V at 30°C, minimum Vref=2.492V at 0°C, Vref=2.495V at 25°C, $\Delta T=70^\circ\text{C}$

$$|\alpha_{V_{ref}}| = \frac{\left(\frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}} \right) \times 10^6}{70^\circ\text{C}} \approx \frac{23 \text{ ppm}}{^\circ\text{C}}$$

Because minimum Vref occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive

* The dynamic impedance ZKA is defined as:

$$|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_K}$$

* When the device operating with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|Z_{KA}'| = |Z_{KA}| \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)$$

Test Circuits

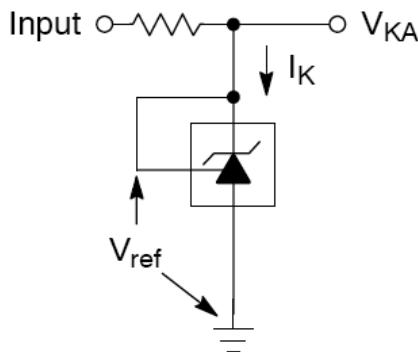


Figure 1: $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$

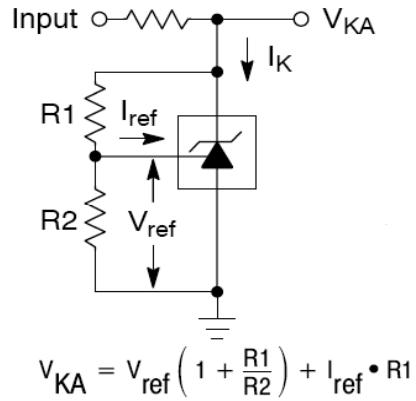


Figure 2: $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$

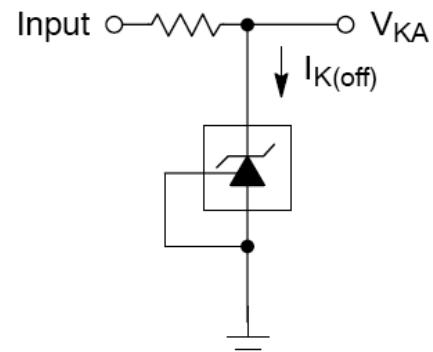


Figure 3: Off-State Current

Additional Information – Stability

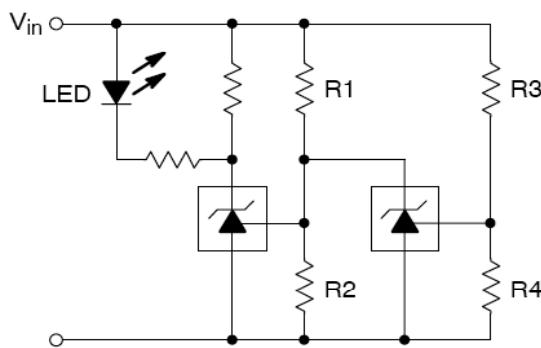
When The TS431I/431AI/431BI is used as a shunt regulator, there are two options for selection of C_L , are recommended for optional stability:

- A) No load capacitance across the device, decouple at the load.
- B) Large capacitance across the device, optional decoupling at the load.

The reason for this is that TS431I/431AI/431BI exhibits instability with capacitances in the range of 10nF to 1uF (approx.) at light cathode current up to 3mA (typ). The device is less stable the lower the cathode voltage has been set for. Therefore while the device will be perfectly stable operating at a cathode current of 10mA (approx.) with a 0.1uF capacitor across it, it will oscillate transiently during start up as the cathode current passes through the instability region. Select a very low capacitance, or alternatively a high capacitance (10uF) will avoid this issue altogether. Since the user will probably wish to have local decoupling at the load anyway, the most cost effective method is to use no capacitance at all directly across the device. PCB trace/via resistance and inductance prevent the local load decoupling from causing the oscillation during the transient start up phase.

Note: if the TS431I/431AI/431BI is located right at the load, so the load decoupling capacitor is directly across it, then this capacitor will have to be $\leq 1\text{nF}$ or $\geq 10\mu\text{F}$.

Applications Examples

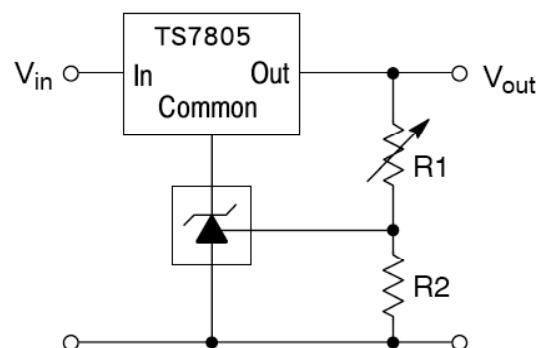


L.E.D. indicator is 'ON' when V_{in} is between the upper and lower limits,

$$\text{Lower limit} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) V_{ref}$$

$$\text{Upper limit} = \left(1 + \frac{R3}{R4} \right) V_{ref}$$

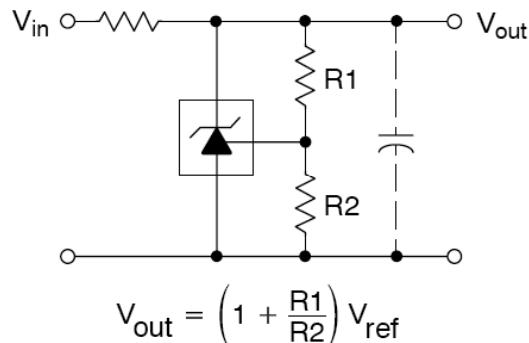
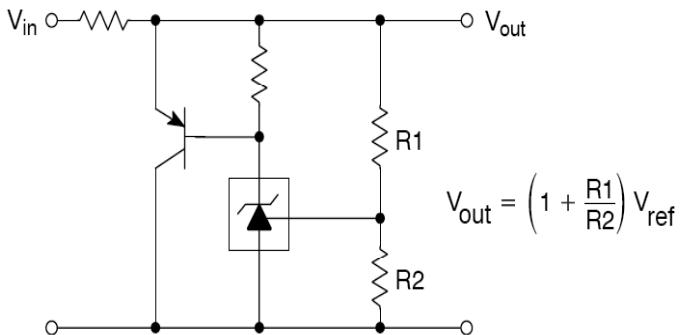
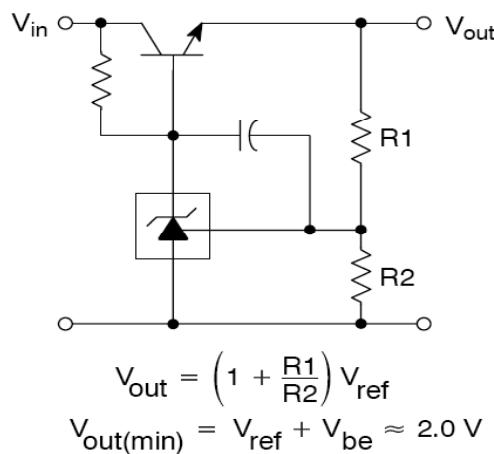
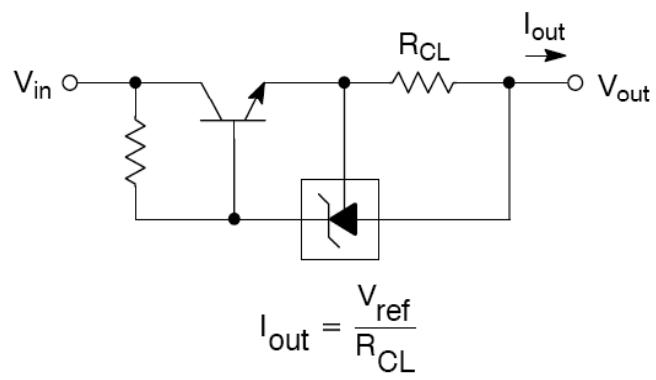
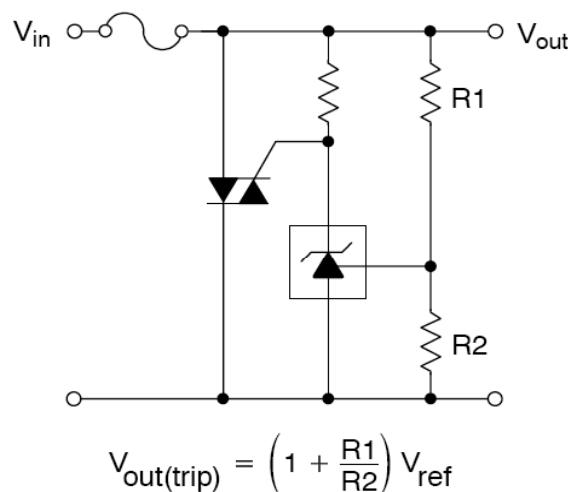
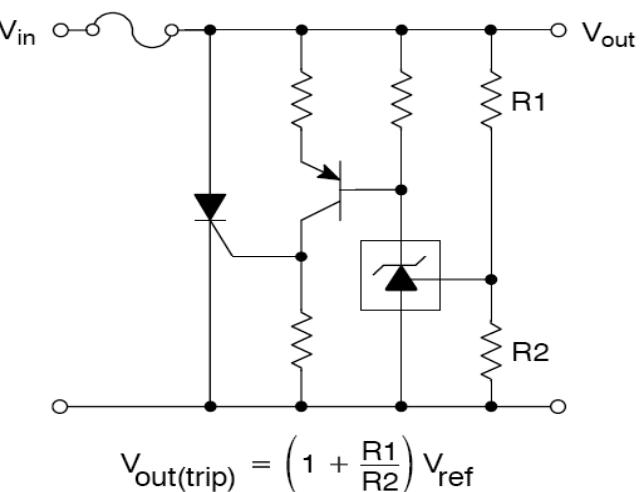
Figure 4: Voltage Monitor



$$V_{out} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) V_{ref}$$

$$V_{out(\min)} = V_{ref} + 5.0 \text{ V}$$

Figure 5: Output Control for Three Terminal Fixed Regulator

Applications Examples (Continue)

Figure 6: Shunt Regulator

Figure 7: High Current Shunt Regulator

Figure 8: Series Pass Regulator

Figure 9: Constant Current Source

Figure 10: TRIAC Crowbar

Figure 11: SCR Crowbar

Applications Examples (Continue)

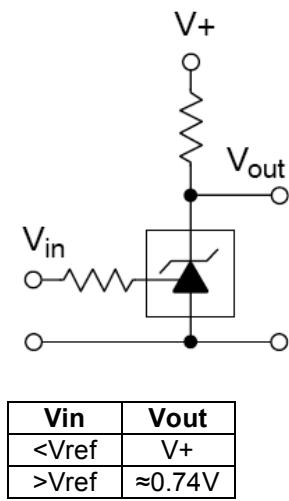


Figure 12: Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold

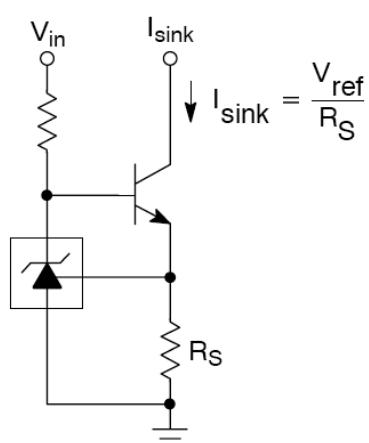


Figure 13: Constant Current Sink

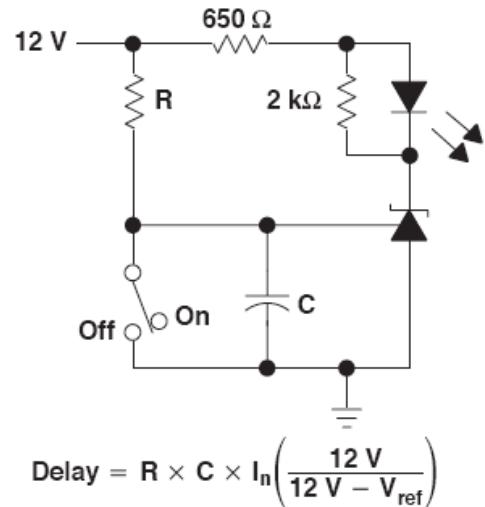


Figure 14: Delay Timer

Typical Performance Characteristics

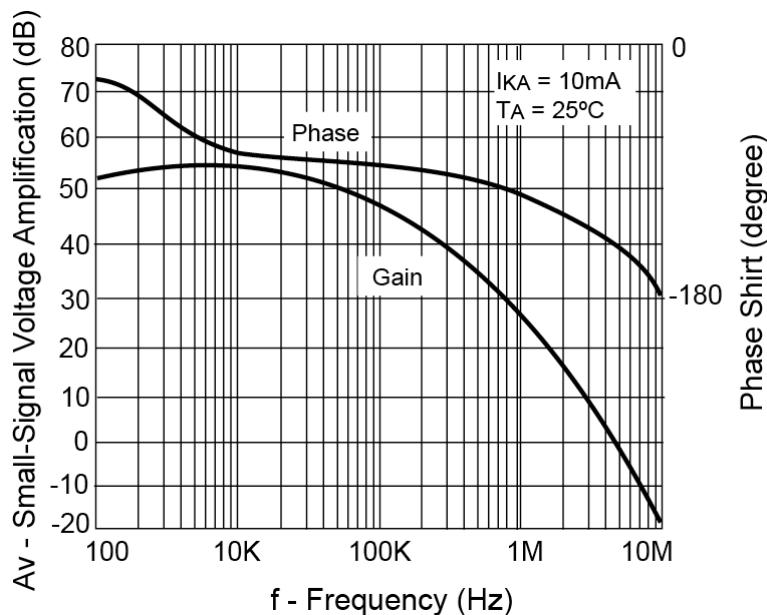
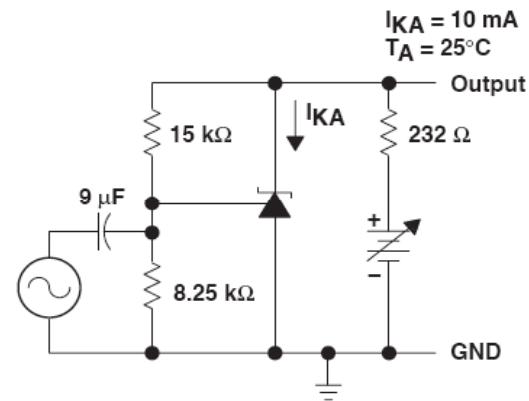


Figure 14: Small-Signal Voltage Gain and Phase Shift vs. Frequency



Test Circuit for Voltage Amplification

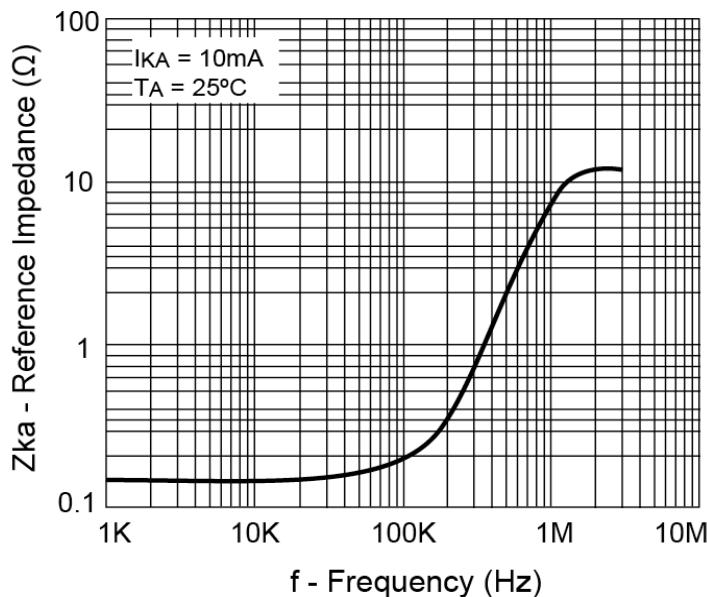
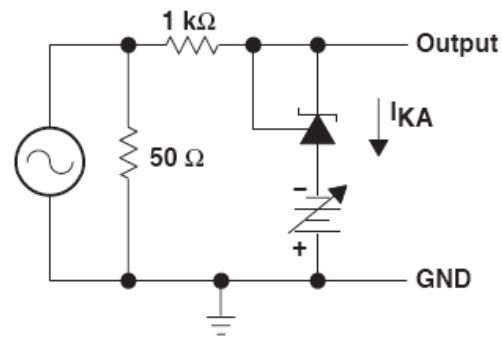
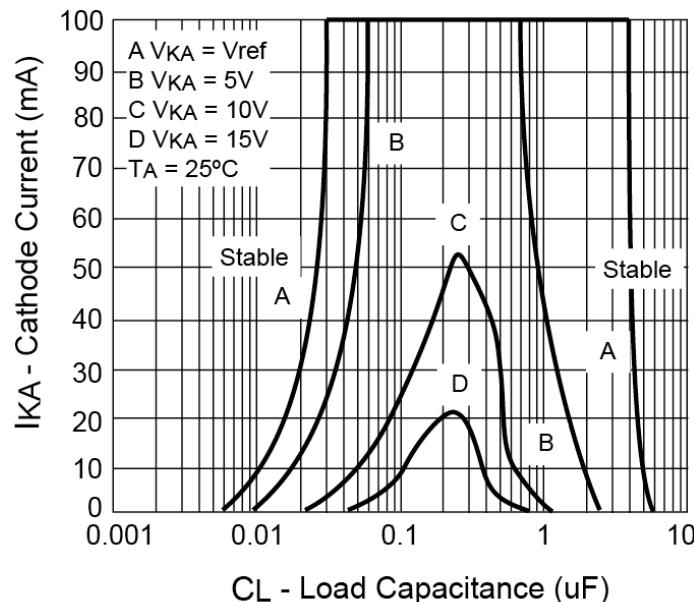


Figure 15: Reference Impedance vs. Frequency

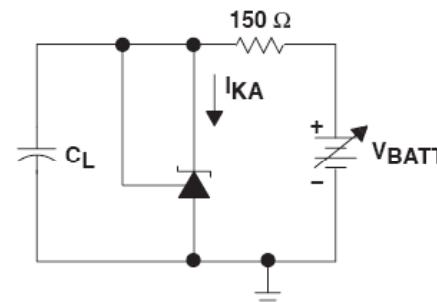


Test Circuit for Reference Impedance

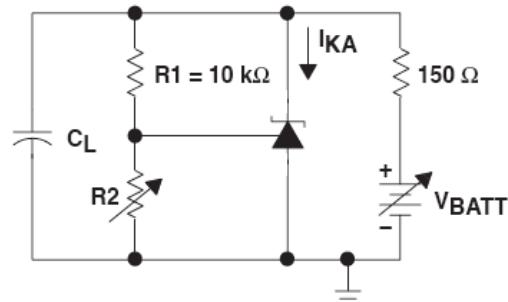
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continue)



The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R_2 and V_+ were adjusted to establish the initial V_{KA} and I_{KA} conditions with $C_L=0$. V_{BATT} and C_L then were adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

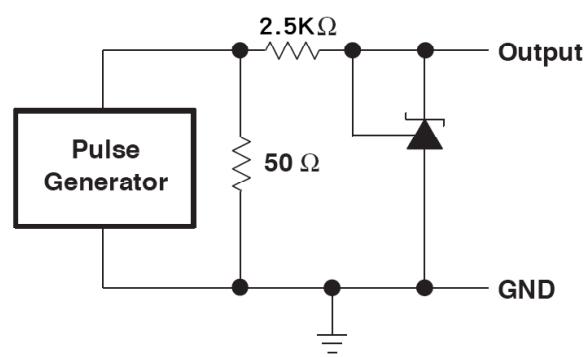
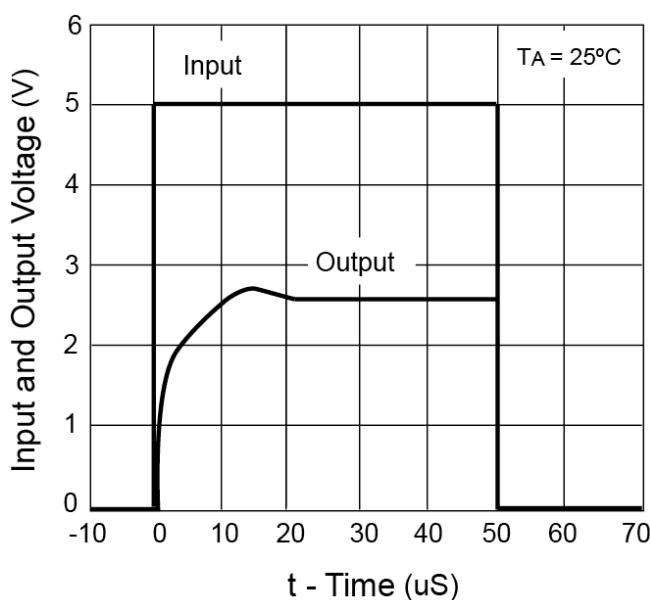


Test Circuit for Curve A



Test Circuit for Curve B, C and D

Figure 16: Stability Boundary Condition



Test Circuit for Pulse Response, $I_K=1mA$

Figure 17: Pulse Response

Electrical Characteristics

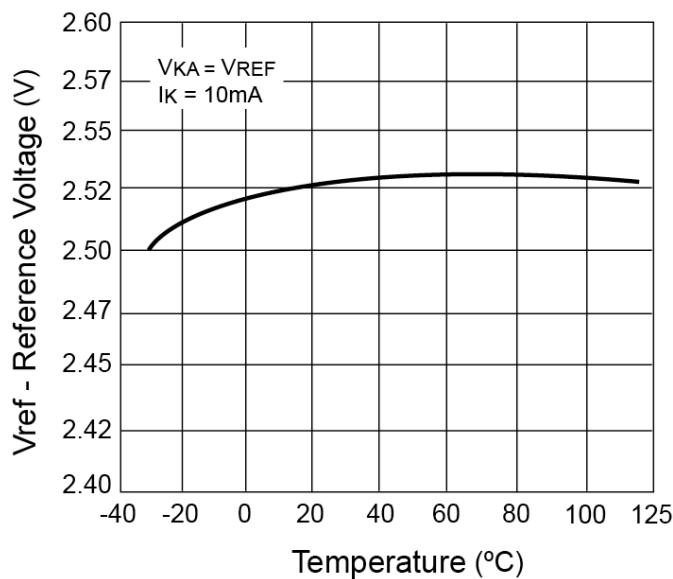


Figure 18: Reference Voltage vs. Temperature

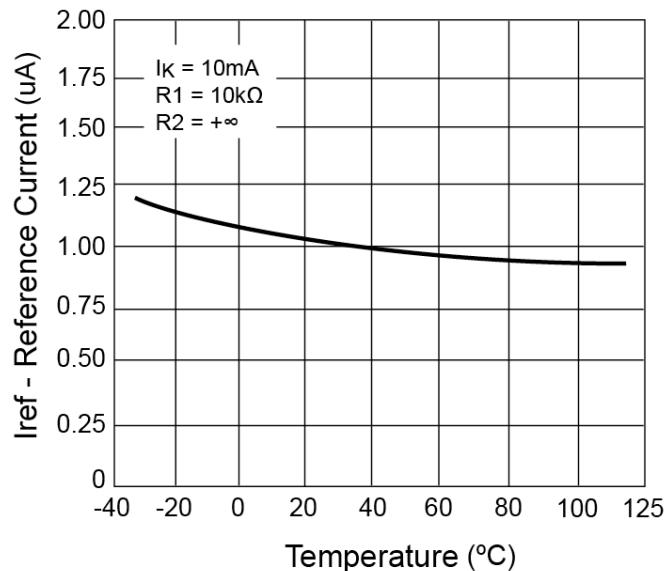


Figure 19: Reference Current vs. Temperature

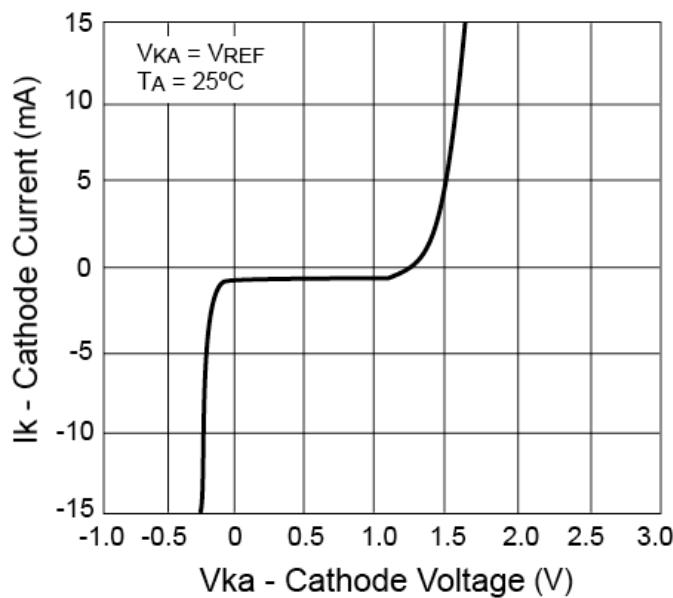
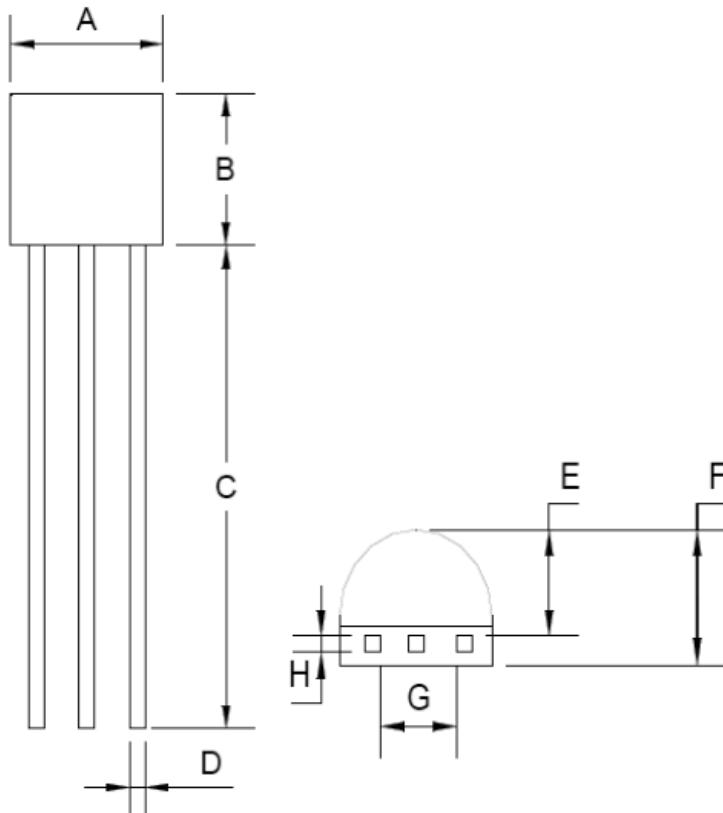


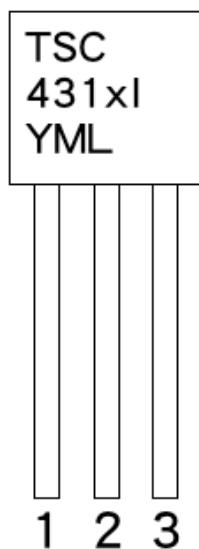
Figure 20: Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage

TO-92 Mechanical Drawing



TO-92 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185
B	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185
C	14.30(typ)		0.563(typ)	
D	0.43	0.49	0.017	0.019
E	2.19	2.81	0.086	0.111
F	3.30	3.70	0.130	0.146
G	2.42	2.66	0.095	0.105
H	0.37	0.43	0.015	0.017

Marking Diagram



X = Tolerance Code

(**A** = $\pm 1\%$, **B** = $\pm 0.5\%$, **Blank** = $\pm 2\%$.)

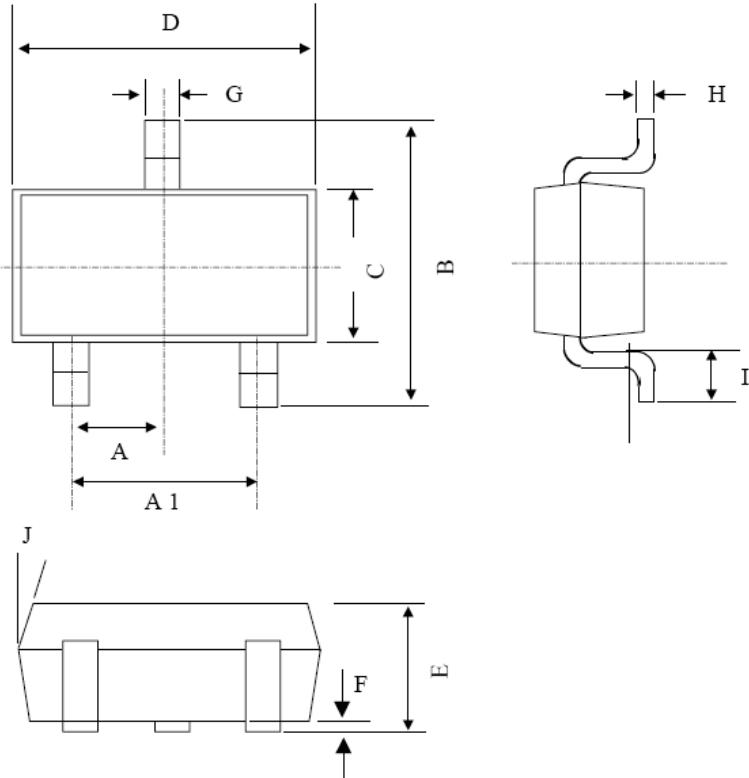
Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

(**A**=Jan, **B**=Feb, **C**=Mar, **D**=Apr, **E**=May, **F**=Jun, **G**=Jul, **H**=Aug, **I**=Sep,
J=Oct, **K**=Nov, **L**=Dec)

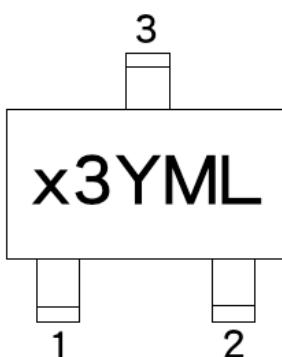
L = Lot Code

SOT-23 Mechanical Drawing



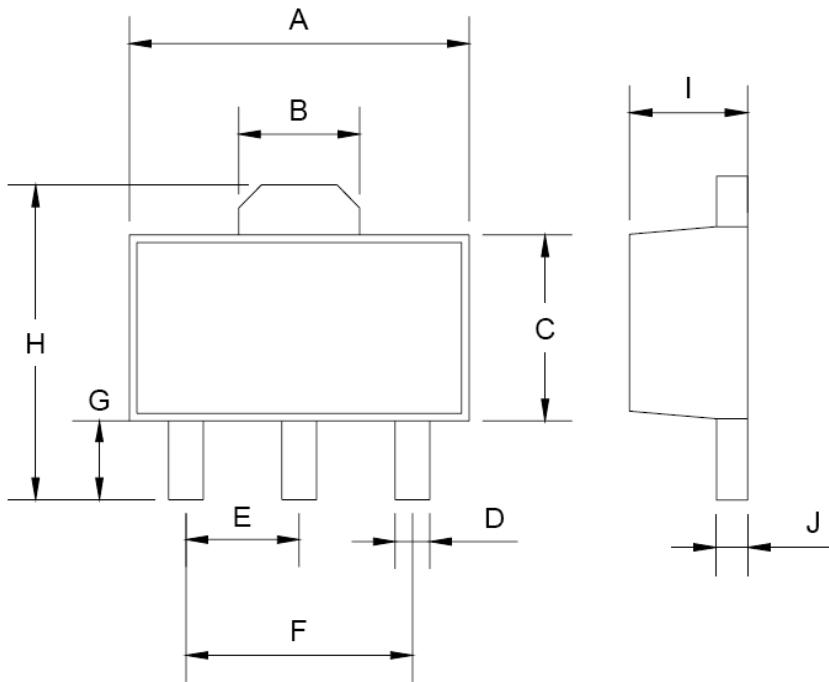
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.
A	0.95 BSC		0.037 BSC	
A1	1.9 BSC		0.074 BSC	
B	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118
C	1.40	1.70	0.055	0.067
D	2.80	3.10	0.110	0.122
E	1.00	1.30	0.039	0.051
F	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004
G	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
H	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008
I	0.30	0.60	0.012	0.024
J	5°	10°	5°	10°

Marking Diagram



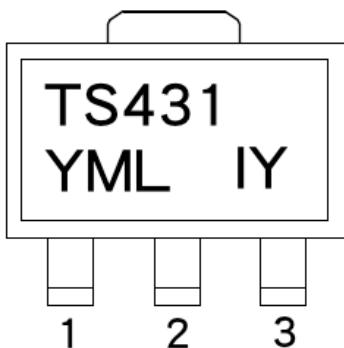
- X** = Device Code
(**A** = TS431AI, **B** = TS431BI, **C** = TS431I,)
- 3** = SOT-23 package
- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
(**A**=Jan, **B**=Feb, **C**=Mar, **D**=Apr, **E**=May, **F**=Jun, **G**=Jul, **H**=Aug, **I**=Sep, **J**=Oct, **K**=Nov, **L**=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code

SOT-89 Mechanical Drawing



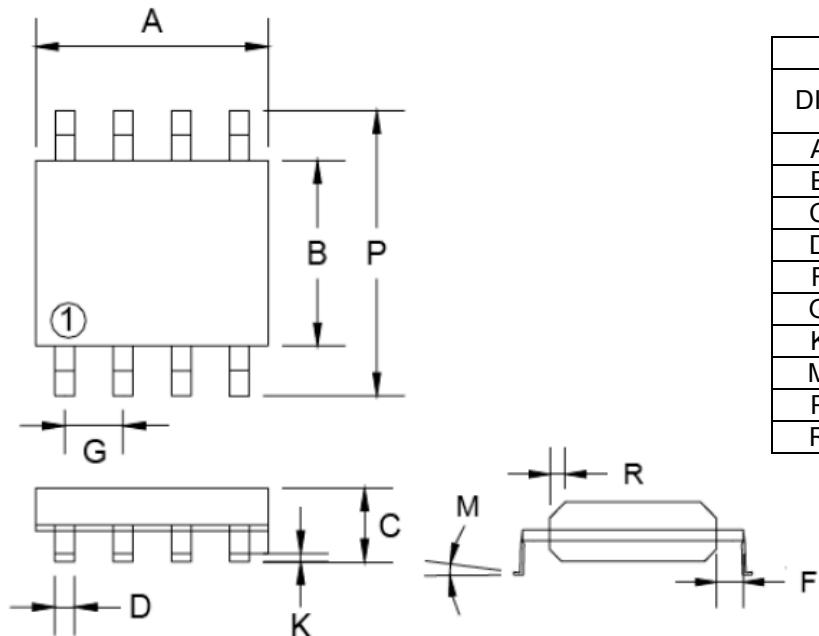
SOT-89 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.40	4.60	0.173	0.181
B	1.50	1.7	0.059	0.070
C	2.30	2.60	0.090	0.102
D	0.40	0.52	0.016	0.020
E	1.50	1.50	0.059	0.059
F	3.00	3.00	0.118	0.118
G	0.89	1.20	0.035	0.047
H	4.05	4.25	0.159	0.167
I	1.4	1.6	0.055	0.068
J	0.35	0.44	0.014	0.017

Marking Diagram



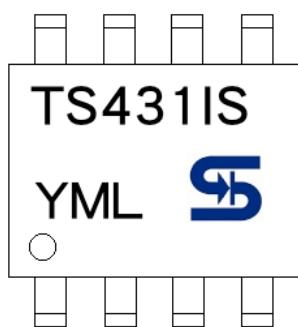
- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
 - (A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code
- IY** = Package Code

SOP-8 Mechanical Drawing



SOP-8 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.27BSC		0.05BSC	
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
P	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019

Marking Diagram



Y = Year Code
M = Month Code
 (A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apr, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep,
 J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)
L = Lot Code

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