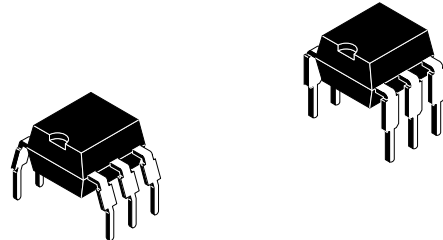




Optocoupler with Phototransistor Output

Description

The CNY75(G) series consists of a phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode in a 6-lead plastic dual inline package. The elements are mounted on one leadframe using a **coplanar technique**, providing a fixed distance between input and output for highest safety requirements.



14827

Applications

Circuits for safe protective separation against electrical shock according to safety class II (reinforced isolation):

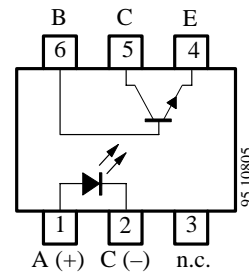
- For appl. class I – IV at mains voltage ≤ 300 V
- For appl. class I – III at mains voltage ≤ 600 V according to VDE 0884, table 2, suitable for:

Switch-mode power supplies, line receiver, computer peripheral interface, microprocessor system interface.

VDE Standards

These couplers perform safety functions according to the following equipment standards:

- **VDE 0884**
Optocoupler for electrical safety requirements
- **IEC 950/EN 60950**
Office machines (applied for reinforced isolation for mains voltage ≤ 400 V_{RMS})
- **VDE 0804**
Telecommunication apparatus and data processing
- **IEC 65**
Safety for mains-operated electronic and related household apparatus



Order Instruction

| Ordering Code | CTR Ranking | Remarks |
|--|-------------|---------|
| CNY75A/ CNY75GA ¹⁾ | 63 to 125% | |
| CNY75B/ CNY75GB ¹⁾ | 100 to 200% | |
| CNY75C/ CNY75GC ¹⁾ | 160 to 320% | |
| ¹⁾ G = Leadform 10.16 mm; G is not marked on the body | | |



Features

Approvals:

- **BSI:** BS EN 41003, BS EN 60095 (BS 415), BS EN 60950 (BS 7002), Certificate number 7081 and 7402
- **FIMKO (SETI):** EN 60950, Certificate number 12399
- **Underwriters Laboratory (UL)** 1577 recognized, file number E-76222
- **VDE 0884**, Certificate number 94778

VDE 0884 related features:

- Rated impulse voltage (transient overvoltage) $V_{IOTM} = 6$ kV peak
- Isolation test voltage (partial discharge test voltage) $V_{pd} = 1.6$ kV
- Rated isolation voltage (RMS includes DC) $V_{IOWM} = 600$ V_{RMS} (848 V peak)

- Rated recurring peak voltage (repetitive) $V_{IORM} = 600$ V_{RMS}
- Creepage current resistance according to VDE 0303/IEC 112
Comparative Tracking Index: CTI = 275
- Thickness through insulation ≥ 0.75 mm

General features:

- Isolation materials according to UL94-VO
- Pollution degree 2 (DIN/VDE 0110 part 1 resp. IEC 664)
- Climatic classification 55/100/21 (IEC 68 part 1)
- Special construction: Therefore, extra low coupling capacity of typical 0.3 pF, high **Common Mode Rejection**
- Low temperature coefficient of CTR
- CTR offered in 3 groups
- Coupling System A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Input (Emitter)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|------|
| Reverse voltage | | V_R | 5 | V |
| Forward current | | I_F | 60 | mA |
| Forward surge current | $t_p \leq 10$ μ s | I_{FSM} | 3 | A |
| Power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 25$ °C | P_V | 100 | mW |
| Junction temperature | | T_j | 125 | °C |

Output (Detector)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|------|
| Collector base voltage | | V_{CBO} | 90 | V |
| Collector emitter voltage | | V_{CEO} | 90 | V |
| Emitter collector voltage | | V_{ECO} | 7 | V |
| Collector current | | I_C | 50 | mA |
| Collector peak current | $t_p/T = 0.5$, $t_p \leq 10$ ms | I_{CM} | 100 | mA |
| Power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 25$ °C | P_V | 150 | mW |
| Junction temperature | | T_j | 125 | °C |

Coupler

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------|
| AC isolation test voltage (RMS) | $t = 1$ min | V_{IO} | 3.75 | kV |
| Total power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 25$ °C | P_{tot} | 250 | mW |
| Ambient temperature range | | T_{amb} | -55 to +100 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | | T_{stg} | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Soldering temperature | 2 mm from case, $t \leq 10$ s | T_{sd} | 260 | °C |



Electrical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Input (Emitter)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|---------------|
| Forward voltage | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$ | V_F | | 1.25 | 1.6 | V |
| Reverse current | $V_R = 6 \text{ V}$ | I_R | | | 10 | μA |
| Junction capacitance | $V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | C_j | | 50 | | pF |

Output (Detector)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| Collector base voltage | $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ | V_{CB0} | 90 | | | V |
| Collector emitter voltage | $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ | V_{CEO} | 90 | | | V |
| Emitter collector voltage | $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ | V_{ECO} | 7 | | | V |
| Collector emitter cut-off current | $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_F = 0$ | I_{CEO} | | | 150 | nA |

Coupler

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|------|------|------|------|
| Collector emitter saturation voltage | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ | V_{CEsat} | | | 0.3 | V |
| Cut-off frequency | $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, R_L = 100 \Omega$ | f_c | | 110 | | kHz |
| Coupling capacitance | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | C_k | | 0.3 | | pF |

Current Transfer Ratio (CTR)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Type | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|---|-----------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| I_C/I_F | $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 1 \text{ mA}$ | CNY75(G)A | CTR | 0.15 | | | |
| | | CNY75(G)B | CTR | 0.3 | | | |
| | | CNY75(G)C | CTR | 0.6 | | | |
| | $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ | CNY75(G)A | CTR | 0.63 | | 1.25 | |
| | | CNY75(G)B | CTR | 1 | | 2 | |
| | | CNY75(G)C | CTR | 1.6 | | 3.2 | |

Maximum Safety Ratings (according to VDE 0884) see figure 1

This device is used for protective separation against electrical shock only within the maximum safety ratings. This must be ensured by using protective circuits in the applications.

Input (Emitter)

| Parameters | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-------|------|
| Forward current | | I_{si} | 130 | mA |

Output (Detector)

| Parameters | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| Power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ | P_{si} | 265 | mW |

Coupler

| Parameters | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------|------------------|
| Rated impulse voltage | | V_{IOTM} | 6 | kV |
| Safety temperature | | T_{si} | 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Insulation Rated Parameters (according to VDE 0884)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---|---|------------|-----------|------|------|----------|
| Partial discharge test voltage – Routine test | 100%, $t_{test} = 1\text{ s}$ | V_{pd} | 1.6 | | | kV |
| Partial discharge test voltage – Lot test (sample test) | $t_{Tr} = 60\text{ s}$, $t_{test} = 10\text{ s}$, (see figure 2) | V_{IOTM} | 6 | | | kV |
| | | V_{pd} | 1.3 | | | kV |
| Insulation resistance | $V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$ | R_{IO} | 10^{12} | | | Ω |
| | $V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$ | R_{IO} | 10^{11} | | | Ω |
| | $V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ (construction test only) | R_{IO} | 10^9 | | | Ω |

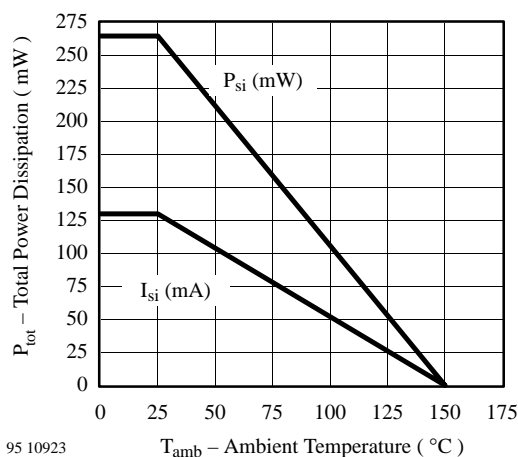


Figure 1. Derating diagram

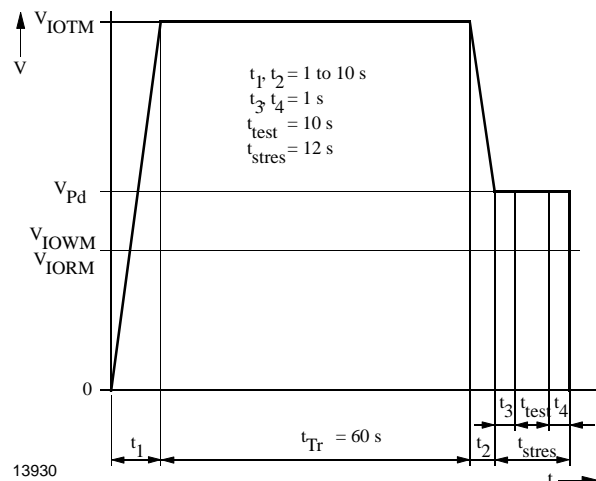


Figure 2. Test pulse diagram for sample test according to DIN VDE 0884



Switching Characteristics of CNY75(G)A

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Typ. | Unit |
|---------------|---|-----------|------|---------------|
| Delay time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$ (see figure 3) | t_d | 2.0 | μs |
| Rise time | | t_r | 2.5 | μs |
| Fall time | | t_f | 2.7 | μs |
| Storage time | | t_s | 0.3 | μs |
| Turn-on time | | t_{on} | 4.5 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 3.0 | μs |
| Turn-on time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ (see figure 4) | t_{on} | 10.0 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 25.0 | μs |

Switching Characteristics of CNY75(G)B

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Typ. | Unit |
|---------------|---|-----------|------|---------------|
| Delay time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$ (see figure 3) | t_d | 2.5 | μs |
| Rise time | | t_r | 3.0 | μs |
| Fall time | | t_f | 3.7 | μs |
| Storage time | | t_s | 0.3 | μs |
| Turn-on time | | t_{on} | 5.5 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 4.0 | μs |
| Turn-on time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ (see figure 4) | t_{on} | 16.5 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 20 | μs |

Switching Characteristics of CNY75(G)C

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Typ. | Unit |
|---------------|---|-----------|------|---------------|
| Delay time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$ (see figure 3) | t_d | 2.8 | μs |
| Rise time | | t_r | 4.2 | μs |
| Fall time | | t_f | 4.7 | μs |
| Storage time | | t_s | 0.3 | μs |
| Turn-on time | | t_{on} | 7.0 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 5.0 | μs |
| Turn-on time | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ (see figure 4) | t_{on} | 11 | μs |
| Turn-off time | | t_{off} | 37.5 | μs |

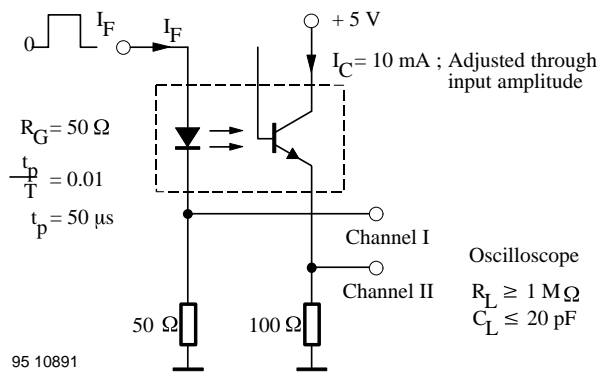


Figure 3. Test circuit, non-saturated operation

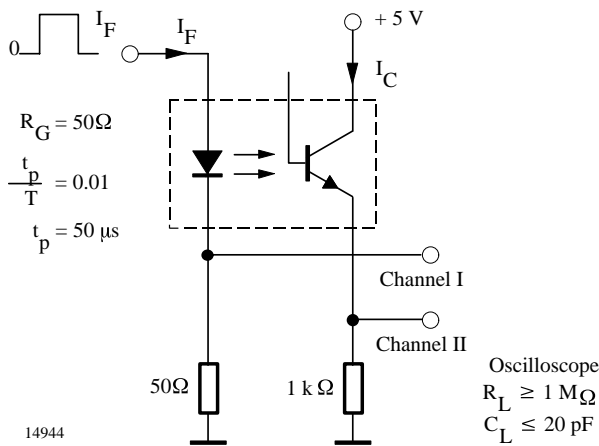
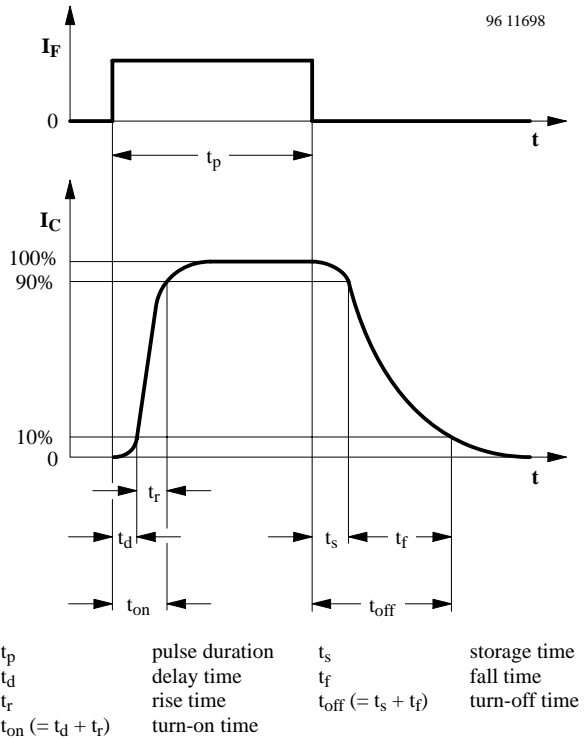


Figure 4. Test circuit, saturated operation



t_p pulse duration
 t_d delay time
 t_r rise time
 $t_{on} (= t_d + t_r)$ turn-on time
 t_s storage time
 t_f fall time
 $t_{off} (= t_s + t_f)$ turn-off time

Figure 5. Switching times

Typical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

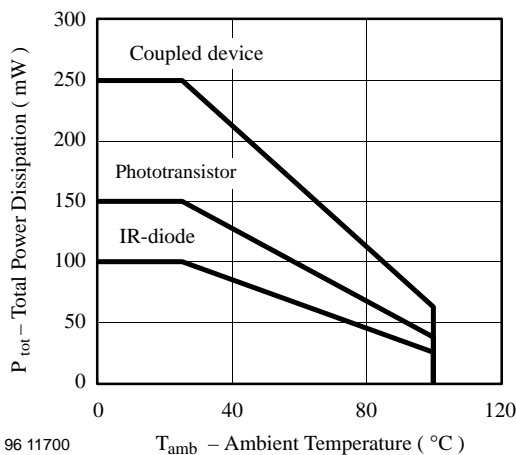


Figure 6. Total Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

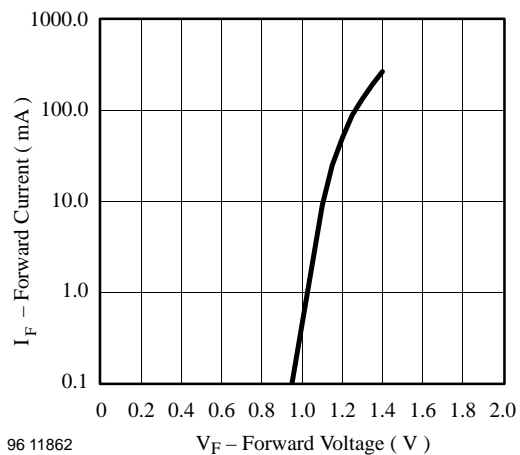
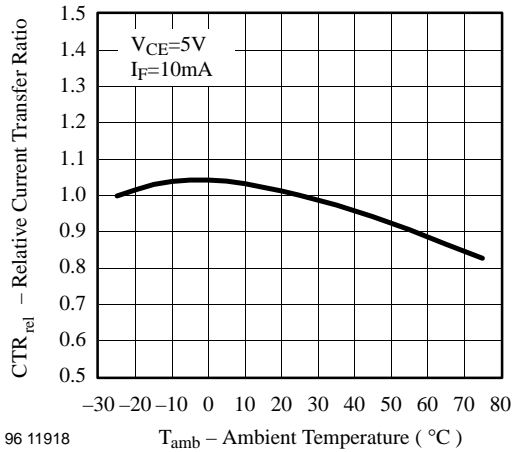
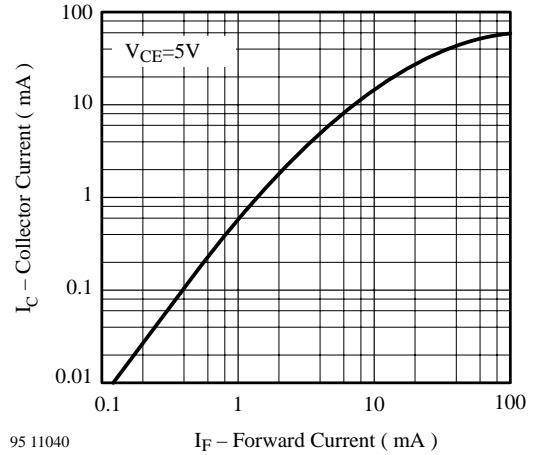


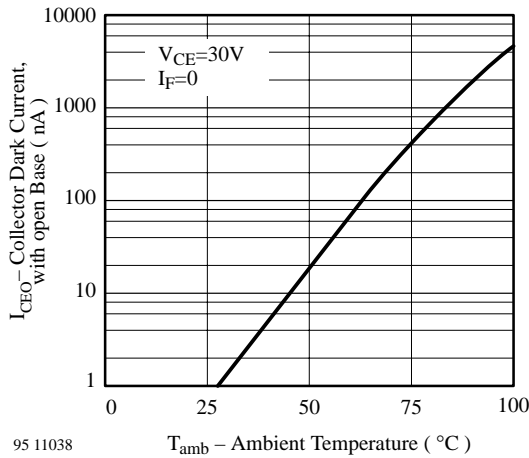
Figure 7. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



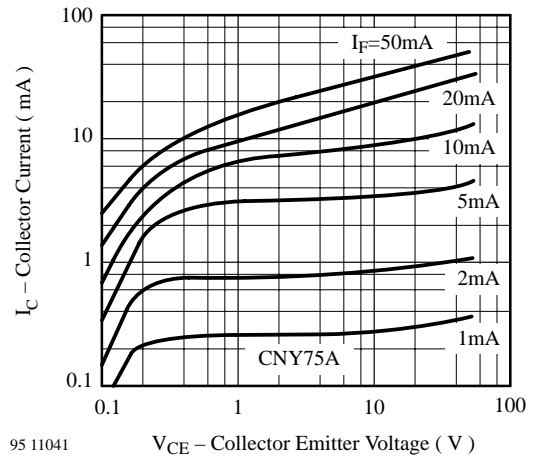
96 11918
Figure 8. Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature



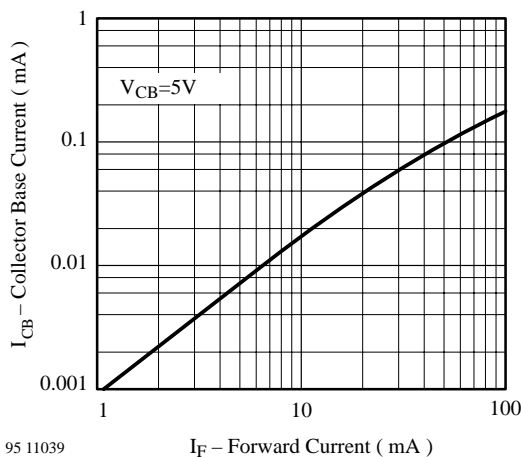
95 11040
Figure 11. Collector Current vs. Forward Current



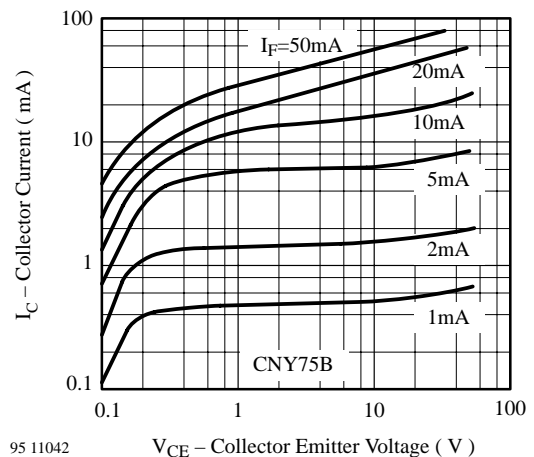
95 11038
Figure 9. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature



95 11041
Figure 12. Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage



95 11039
Figure 10. Collector Base Current vs. Forward Current



95 11042
Figure 13. Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

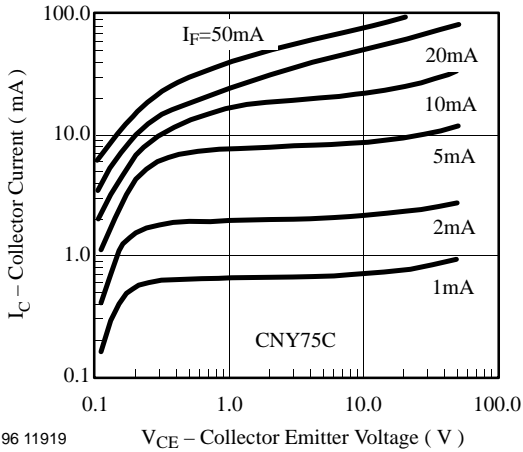


Figure 14. Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

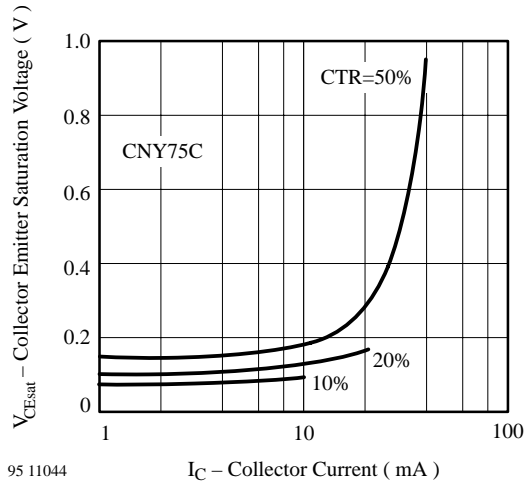


Figure 17. Coll. Emitter Sat. Voltage vs. Coll. Current

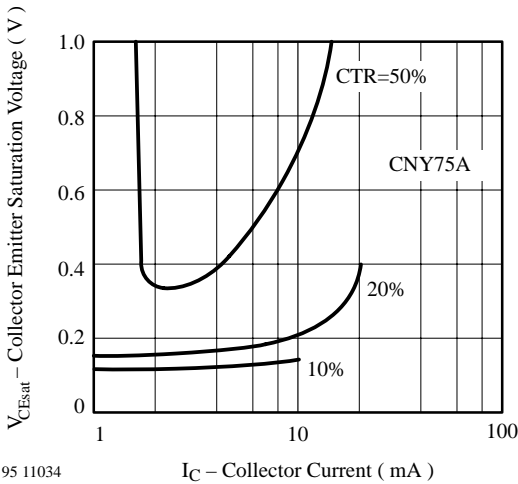


Figure 15. Coll. Emitter Sat. Voltage vs. Coll. Current

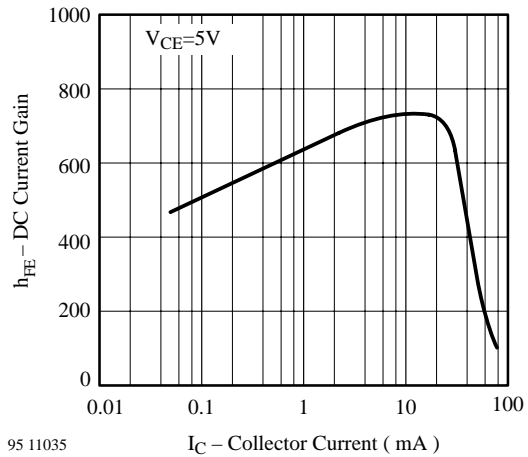


Figure 18. DC Current Gain vs. Collector Current

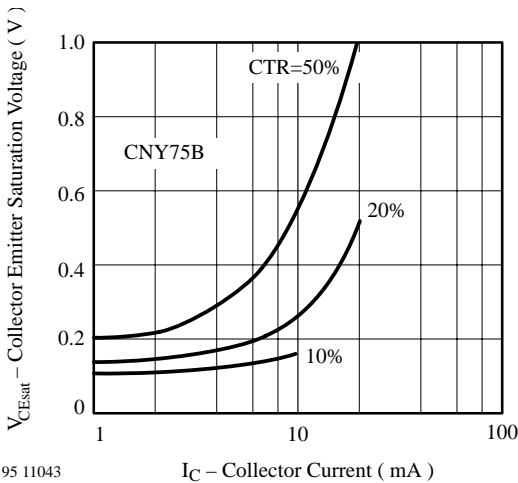


Figure 16. Coll. Emitter Sat. Voltage vs. Coll. Current

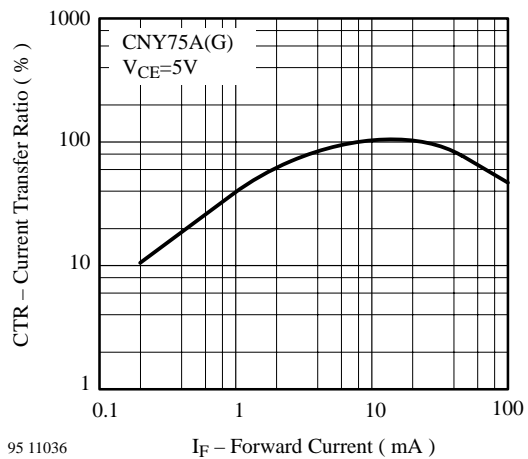


Figure 19. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

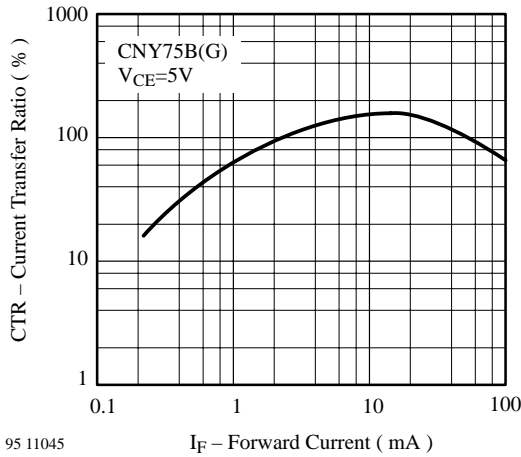


Figure 20. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

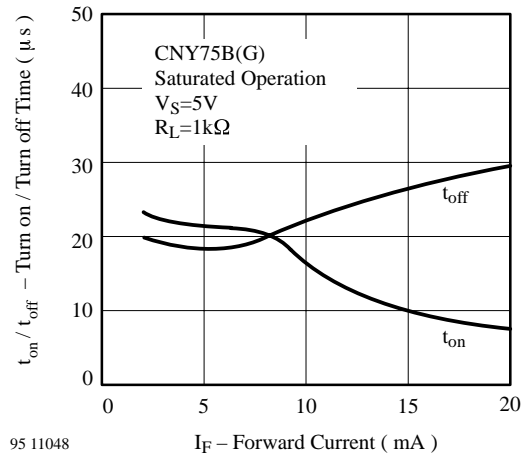


Figure 23. Turn on / off Time vs. Forward Current

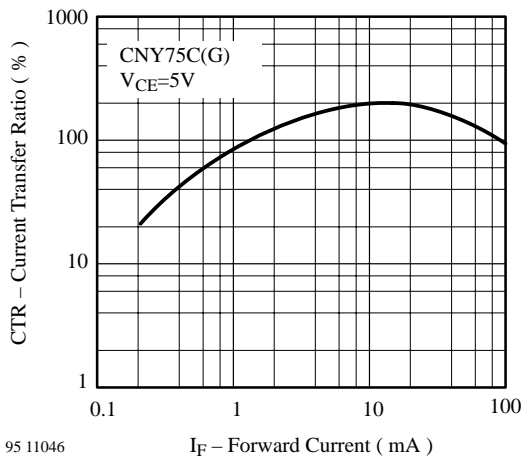


Figure 21. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

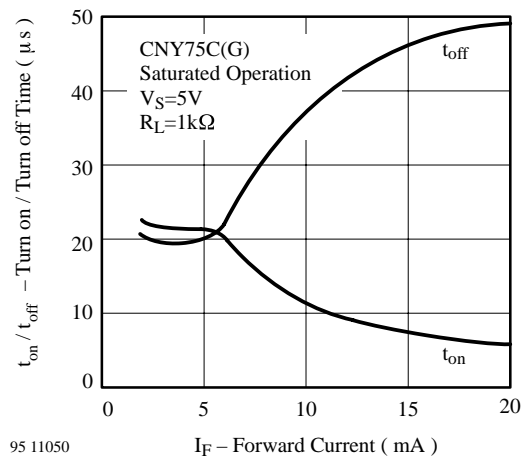


Figure 24. Turn on / off Time vs. Forward Current

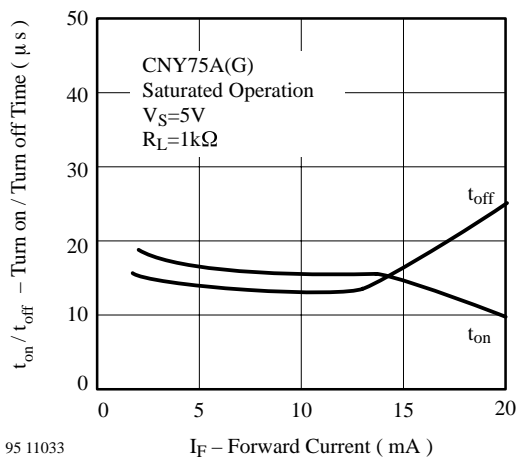


Figure 22. Turn on / off Time vs. Forward Current

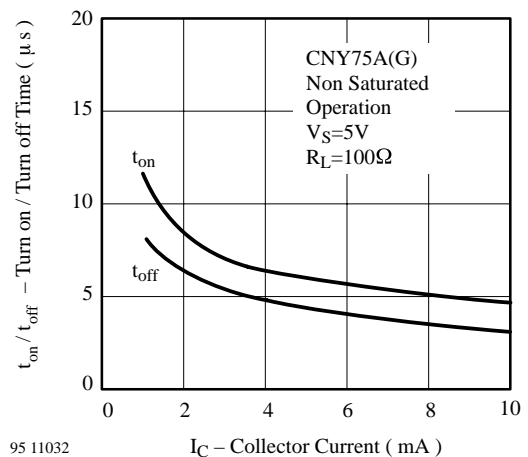


Figure 25. Turn on / off Time vs. Collector Current

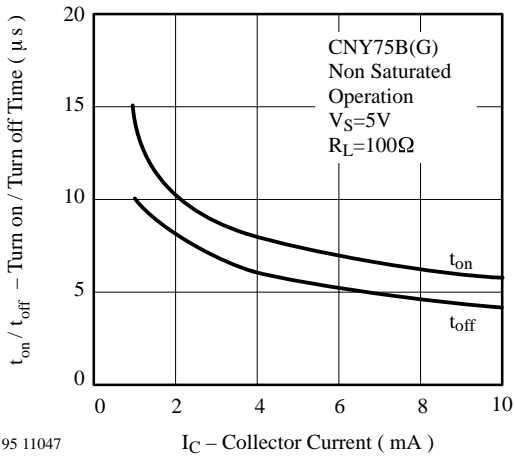


Figure 26. Turn on / off Time vs. Collector Current

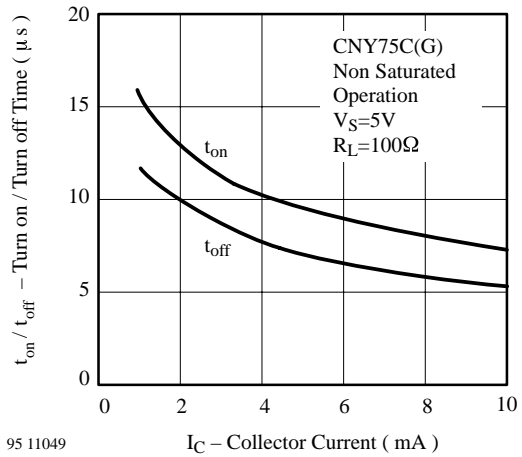


Figure 27. Turn on / off Time vs. Collector Current

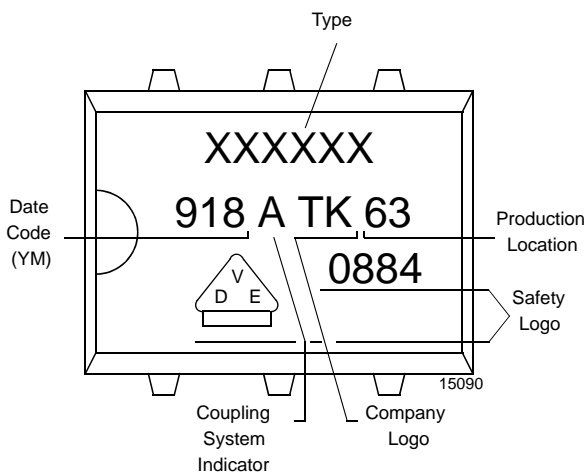
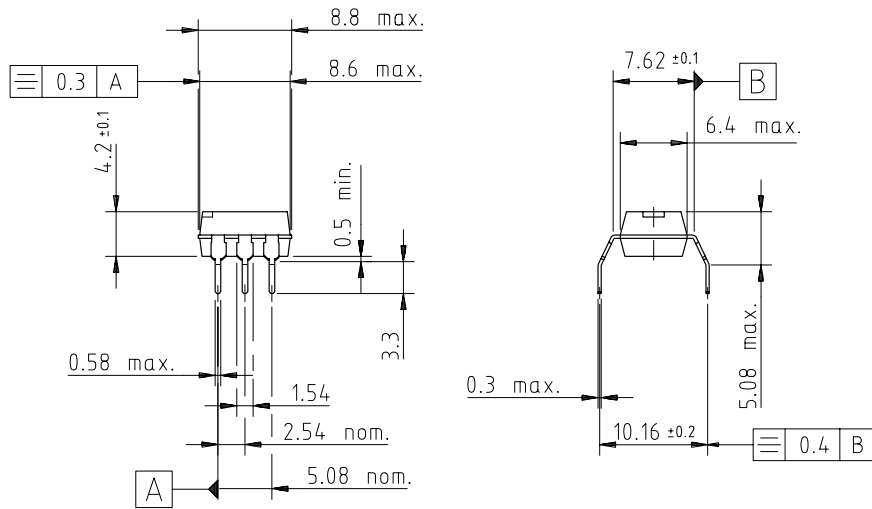


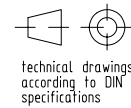
Figure 28. Marking example

Dimensions of CNY75G in mm



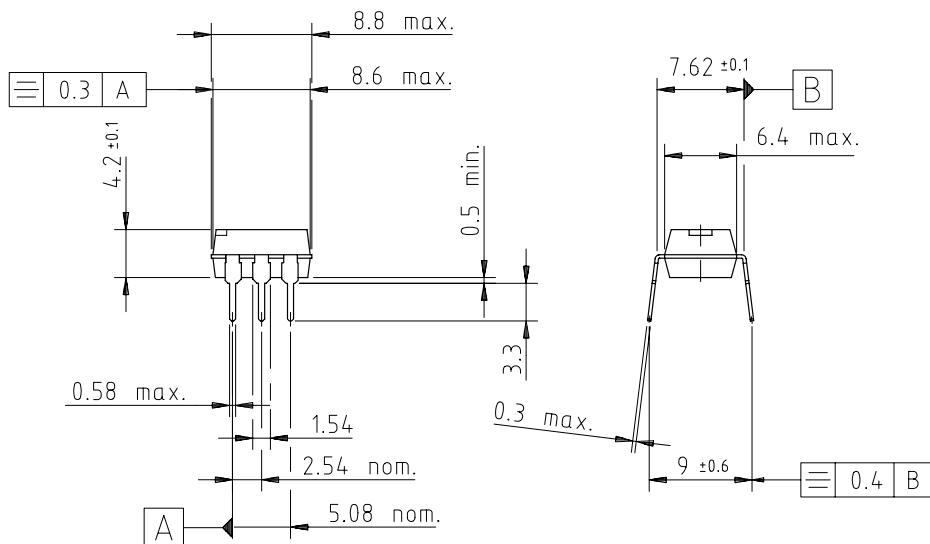
weight: ca. 0.50 g
 creepage distance: \cong 8 mm
 air path: \cong 8 mm

after mounting on PC board



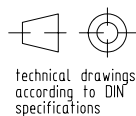
14771

Dimensions of CNY75 in mm



weight: 0.50 g
 creepage distance: \cong 6 mm
 air path: \cong 6 mm

after mounting on PC board



14770



Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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